

For each of the following statements, fill in the blank with the appropriate word or phrase.

1. In the late 1600's, most nations in western Europe organized their economies around the practice of _____, creating and maintaining carefully controlled trade.
2. The goal of English officials was to create profits for their country by establishing a favorable _____ by decreasing their imports and increasing their exports
3. England wanted to control trade in the American colonies because it made a great _____ from this trade.
4. Between 1650 and 1696 Parliament passed a series of _____ to regulate trade with the colonies and to increase profits for England.
5. Items purchased from other countries are _____.
6. Items sold to other countries are _____.
7. A person who illegally trades in goods that are restricted or prohibited is called a _____.
8. Trade between nations – sometimes colonies – required the payment of taxes called _____.
9. The term _____ refers to the movement of goods from the colonies to the West Indies to Britain.
10. The voyage involving the transport of Africans across the Atlantic Ocean to be sold as slaves in North and South America and the West Indies was called the _____.
11. Slave traders fit as many captured Africans as possible on board their ships in order to increase _____.

12.Thousands of captive Africans died during the voyage across the Atlantic Ocean either from _____ or from committing suicide by jumping overboard.

13. To renew enthusiasm for religion, ministers in the late 1730s began holding _____.

14. The term _____ describes the widespread Christian movement in the 1730s and 1740s.

15. Two of the most important leaders of the religious revival were _____ and George Whitefield.

16. The Great Awakening united people of different classes and _____.

17. The Great Awakening gave colonists a chance to discuss social issues and may have led to demands for greater _____.